



UNIVERSITY OF PERADENIYA
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CENTRE FOR DISTANCE AND CONTINUING EDUCATION
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GENERAL DEGREE EXAMINATION IN ARTS (EXTERNAL) – 2014 (August 2015)
ංග්‍රේස්වේදී සාමාන්‍ය උපාධි පරික්ෂණය (බාහිර) - 2014 (2015 අගෝස්තු)

Pali - I / පාලි - I: PLG - 1
(Prescribed Texts)

Answer all questions.

(The total number of questions in this paper is 05.)

All questions carry equal marks.

(Three Hours)

1. (a) Translate into English.

Tena kho pana samayena bhikkhū chamāya cīvaraṁ pattharanti.
Cīvaraṁ paṁsukitam hoti. Bhagavato etamattham ārocesum. "Anujānāmi,
bhikkhave, tiṇasanthāraka"nti. Tiṇasanthārako upacikāhi khajjati. Bhagavato
etamattham ārocesum. "Anujānāmi, bhikkhave, cīvaravamsam
cīvararajju"nti. Majjhena laggenti. Rajanam ubhato galati. Bhagavato
etamattham ārocesum. "Anujānāmi, bhikkhave, kaṇhe bandhitu"nti.
Kaṇho jīrati. Bhagavato etamattham ārocesum. "Anujānāmi, bhikkhave,
kaṇhasuttaka"nti. Rajanam ekato galati. Bhagavato etamattham ārocesum.
"Anujānāmi, bhikkhave, samparivattakam samparivattakam rajetum, na ca
acchinne theve pakkamitu"nti.

(Mahāvaggapāli - Cīvarakkhandhakam)

(b) Discuss the mission of Buddhist disciplinary law (Khandaka vinaya)
deployed to maintain the monastic life of monks efficiently and
methodically.

PTO ...

2. (a) Translate into English.

Ime kho, vāsetṭha, pañca nīvaraṇā ariyassa vinaye āvaraṇātipi vuccanti, nīvaraṇātipi vuccanti, onāhanātipi vuccanti, pariyonāhanātipi vuccanti. Imehi kho, vāsetṭha, pañcahi nīvaraṇehi tevijjā brāhmaṇā āvuṭā nivuṭā ovuṭā onaddhā pariyonaddhā. Te vata, vāsetṭha, tevijjā brāhmaṇā ye dhammā brāhmaṇakārakā te dhamme pahāya vattamānā, ye dhammā abrāhmaṇakārakā te dhamme samādāya vattamānā, pañcahi nīvaraṇehi āvuṭā nivuṭā ovuṭā onaddhā pariyonaddhā kāyassa bhedā param marañā brahmuno sahavyūpagā bhavissantūti, netam ṭhānam vijjati.

(DN. Tevijjasuttam)

- (b) Explain what justification there is for saying that the path presented by Brahmanic philosophy for union with Brahma is useless.

3. (a) Translate into English.

- i. Purisassa hi jātassa - kuṭhārī jāyate mukhe,
Yāya chindati attānam - bālo dubbhāsitam bhaṇam.
- ii. Yo nindiyam pasam̄satī - tam vā nindati yo pasam̄siyo,
Vicināti mukhena so kaliṁ - kalinā tena sukham na vindati.
- iii. Appamatto ayam kali - yo akkhesu dhanaparājayo,
Sabbassāpi sahāpi attanā - ayameva mahantataro kali,
Yo sugatesu manam padosaye.
- iv. "Satam sahassānam nirabbudānam - chattim̄satī pañca ca abbudāni,
Yamariyagarahī nirayam upeti - vācam manañca pañidhāya pāpaka"nti.

(SN. Brahmasaüyuttam)

- (b) Discuss how sometimes speech not only breaks social ethics but also becomes an unwholesome act leading to hell.

PTO ...

4. (a) Translate into English.

- i. Yo pubbe katakalyāṇo - pacchā pāpena himṣati,
Allapāṇihato poso - na so bhadrāni passatī 'ti.
- ii. Yo appaduṭṭhassa narassa dussati
Suddhassa posassa anaṅgaṇassa,
Tameva bālam paceti pāpam
Sukhumo rajo paṭivātamva khitto'ti.
- iii. Nāhaṇḍ devena vā manussena vā
Issariyena vāham suppasayho,
Yakkhohamasmi paramiddhipatto
Dūraṅgamo vaṇṇabalūpapanno'ti.
- iv. Pāṇi te sabbaso vaṇṇo - pañcadhāro madhussavo,
Nānārasā paggharanti - maññeham tam purindada'nti.
- v. Nāmhi devo na gandhabbo - nāpi sakko purindado,
Petam mam aṅkura jānāhi - roruvamhā idhāgata'nti.

(Pethavatthupāli)

(b) "A special feature of Petavathupāli is the creation of stories that show (karmic) consequences corresponding to actions." Discuss.

5. (a) Translate into English.

Vinaye pana duppaṭipanno ananuññātasukhasamphassa attharaṇa pāvuraṇādiphassasāmaññato paṭikkhittesu upādinnaphassādīsu anavajjasaññī hoti. Vuttam hetam – "tathāham bhagavatā dhammadham desitam ājānāmi, yathā ye me antarāyikā dhammā antarāyikā vuttā bhagavatā, te paṭisevato nālam antarāyāyā"ti. Tato dussilabhāvam pāpuṇāti. Sutte duppaṭipanno - "cattāro me, bhikkhave, puggalā santo samvijjamānā"ti ādīsu adhippāyam ajānanto duggahitam gaṇhāti, yam sandhāya vuttam - "attanā duggahitena amhe ceva abbhācikkhati, attānañca khaṇati, bahuñca apuññam pasavatī'ti.

PTO ...

Tato micchādiṭṭhitam pāpuṇāti. Abhidhamme duppaṭipanno dhammacittam atidhāvanto acinteyyānipi cinteti. Tato cittakkhepam pāpuṇāti, vuttam hetam - "cattārimāni, bhikkhave, acinteyyāni, na cintetabbāni, yāni cintento ummādassa vighātassa bhāgī assā"ti. Evametesu duppaṭipanno yathākkamena imam dussilabhāva micchādiṭṭhitā cittakkhepabhedam vipattim pāpuṇātī'ti.

(Sumaṅgalavilāsinī)

- (b) "One of the characteristics in the compilation of atṭhakathā is the presentation of various material as instances for the illustration of the Dhamma." Discuss this idea in relation the Sumaṅgalavilāsinī.



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GENERAL DEGREE EXAMINATION IN ARTS (EXTERNAL) – 2014 (AUGUST 2015)
ගාස්තුවේදී සාමාන්‍ය උපාධි පරික්ෂණය (බාහිර) - 2014 (2015 අගෝස්තු)

Pali - II / පාලි - II - PLG-2
(Unspecified Texts, Prose Composition and Pali Grammar)

Answer **all** questions in Part – I and
any **two** questions in Part – II.

(The total number of questions in this paper is 07.)

(Three Hours)

Part – I

1. Translate into English.

Atha kho, ānanda, ghaṭīkāro ca kumbhakāro jotipālo ca māṇavo yena
kassapo bhagavā arahaṁ sammāsambuddho tenupasaṅkamīṣu; upasaṅkamitvā
ghaṭīkāro kumbhakāro kassapam bhagavantam arahantam sammāsambuddham
abhivādetvā ekamantam nisīdi. Jotipālo pana māṇavo kassapena bhagavatā arahatā
sammāsambuddhena saddhiṁ sammodi. Sammodanīyam katham sāraṇīyam
vītisāretvā ekamantam nisīdi. Ekamantam nisinno kho, ānanda, ghaṭīkāro
kumbhakāro kassapam bhagavantam arahantam sammāsambuddham etadavoca –
‘ayam me, bhante, jotipālo māṇavo sahāyo piyasahāyo. Imassa bhagavā
dhammaṁ desetū’ti. Atha kho, ānanda, kassapo bhagavā arahaṁ
sammāsambuddho ghaṭīkārañca kumbhakāram jotipālañca māṇavam dhammiyā
kathāya sandassesi samādapesi samuttejesi sampahamīsesi. Atha kho, ānanda,
ghaṭīkāro ca kumbhakāro jotipālo ca māṇavo kassapena bhagavatā arahatā
sammāsambuddhena dhammiyā kathāya sandassitā samādapitā samuttejītā
sampahamīsitā kassapassa bhagavato arahato sammāsambuddhassa bhāsitam
abhinanditvā anumoditvā utthāyāsanā kassapam bhagavantam arahantam
sammāsambuddham abhivādetvā padakkhiṇam katvā pakkamiṣsu.

PTO ...

2. Translate into English.

Atthāya vata me buddho, nadīm nerañjaram agā;
Yassāham dhammaṁ sutvāna, micchādiṭṭhim vivajjayim.

Yajim uccāvace yaññe, aggihuttam juhim aham;
Esā suddhī'ti maññanto, andhabhūto puthujjano.

Diṭṭhigahanapakkhando parāmāsenā mohito;
Asuddhim maññisam suddhim, andhabhūto aviddasu.

Micchādiṭṭhi pahīnā me, bhavā sabbe padālitā
Juhāmi dakkhiṇeyyaggim, namassāmi tathāgatam.

Mohā sabbe pahīnā me, bhavatañhā padālitā;
Vikkhīṇo jātisamsāro, natthi dāni punabbhavoti.

3. Translate into Pali.

When this was said, the wanderer Māgandiya said: "Magnificent, Master Gotama! Magnificent, Master Gotama! Master Gotama has made the Dhamma clear in many ways, as though he were turning upright what had been over turned, revealing what was hidden, showing the way to one who was lost, or holding up a lamp in the dark for those with eyesight to see forms.

I go to Master Gotama for refuge and to the Dhamma and to the Sangha of bhikkhus. It would be good if I were to receive the going forth under Master Gotama and receive the full admission."

"Māgandiya, one who formerly belonged to another sect and desire the going forth and the full admission in this Dhamma and Discipline lives on probation for four months. At the end of four months, if the bhikkus are satisfied with him, they give him the going forth and the full admission to the bhikkhus." However I recognize individual differences in this matter."

PTO ...

Part – II

4. Explain with examples the different ways of forming of derivative nouns in the Pali language.
5. Explain with examples different usages of the kammadhāra (adjective) compound in Pali.
6. Conjugate the root \sqrt{Kara} in parassapada (active voice) and attanopada (middle voice) of the potential mood (pañcami).
7. Explain with examples any two of the following grammatical topics in Pali grammar.
 - i. *Niggahīta* (Nasal spirant)
 - ii. *Vyañjana sandhi* (Consonants Combination)
 - iii. Cases of verb conjugations
 - iv. *Bahubbīhi Samāsa* (Possessive Compound)
 - v. Declension of pronouns



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PALI -III / පාලි -III - PLG 3
(History of Pali Literature & Buddhist Thought)

Answer **five questions** only
selecting at least **two questions** from each Part.
(This paper contains 10 questions)

(Three Hours)

Part - I

1. Explain the pre-arrangement to First Buddhist Council with references to the Pali Literature.
2. Critically analyze the Theravāda view of the origin of the Abhidhamma.
3. Examine the origin and development of Sri Lankan Pali Vamsakathā Literature.
4. Elucidate the value of the Pāli Commentaries as sources for the study of Theravāda Buddhism.
5. Discuss the origin and development of The Pāli Commentarial Literature.

PTO ...

Part - II

- 6 Examine the sectarian viewpoints on the concept of Arahant during the later times.
 - 7 Explain the distinctive features of the “Dharma” concept in the Sarvāstivāda.
 - 8 Assess the services rendered by the teachers of Mādhyamika tradition with regard to the origin and development of that tradition.
 9. Discuss the development of the concept of Vijñāna (consciousness) and its functions.
 10. Examine the origin and development of the concept of Atomism.
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